

THE IV BALTIC BIOGAS FORUM

Efficiency of sulphur compounds removal - long-term studies of system applying modified mineral sorbent

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Chemical composition of biogas obtained from different kind raw materials

Component	Unit	Biogas from OFMSW	Biogas from WWTP	Agricultural biogas	Biogas from agricultural and food wastes
Methane	[%]	50 - 60	60 - 75	60 - 75	68
Carbon dioxide	[%]	34 - 38	19 - 33	19 - 33	26
Nitrogen	[%]	0 - 5	0 - 1	0 - 1	-
Oxygen	[%]	0 - 1	<0.5	<0.5	-
Water	[%] (40°C)	6	6	6	6
Hydrogen sulphide	[mg/m ³]	100 - 900	1000 - 4000	3000 - 10000	100
Ammonia	[mg/m ³]	-	-	50 - 100	400
Aromatic compounds	[mg/m ³]	0 - 200	-	-	-
Chlor or fluor organic compounds	[mg/m ³]	100 - 800	-	-	-

Popular sulphur compounds in biogas

Hydrogen sulphide - H_2S

Sulphides - R_2S

Disulphides - RSSR

Dimethyl sulphide - CH_3SCH_3

Methane thiol - CH_3SH

Dimethyl disulphid - CH_3SSCH_3

Carbon disulphide - CS_2

Methyltiophene – $\text{C}_5\text{H}_7\text{S}$

Ethyltiophene – $\text{C}_6\text{H}_9\text{S}$

Alkyl disulphides $\text{C}_3 - \text{C}_{10}$: $\text{C}_3\text{H}_8\text{S}_2 - \text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{22}\text{S}_2$

Alkyltrisulphide $\text{C}_6 - \text{C}_6\text{H}_{14}\text{S}_3$

Carbon oxysulphide - COS

Compound	Abbreviation	Molecular weight [g/mol] at 25°C	Water solubility [mg/dm ³]	Vapor Pressure at 25°C [kPa]
Trimethyl silanol	-	90	35000	2,13
Hexamethyldisiloxane	L ₂	162	0,93	4,12
Octamethyltrisiloxane	L ₃	236	0,035	0,52
Decamethyltetrasiloxane	L ₄	310	-	0,07
Dodecamethylpentasiloxane	L ₅	384	3,1x10 ⁻⁴	0,009
Hexamethylcyclotrisiloxane	D ₃	222	1,56	1,14
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	D ₄	297	0,056	0,13
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	D ₅	371	0,017	0,02
Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane	D ₆	445	0,005	0,003



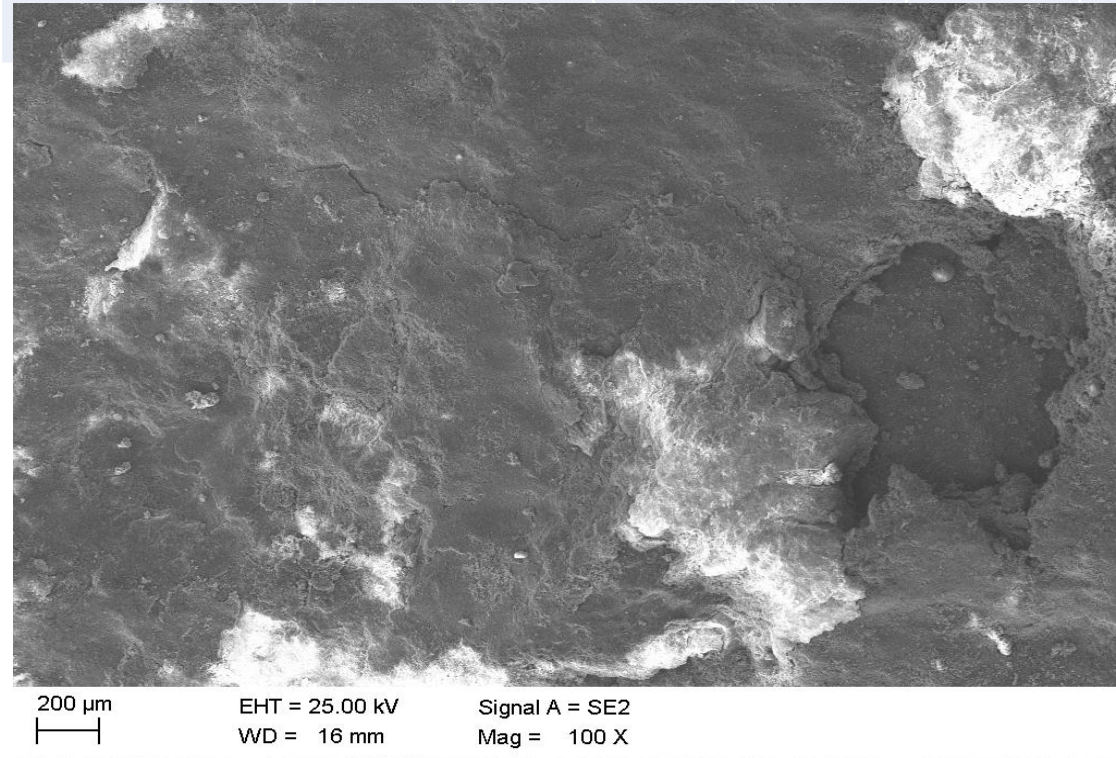
Damaged noise suppressor through sour gasses



View of carbon deposits on cylinders of the engine burning raw biogas after c 1500 working hours.

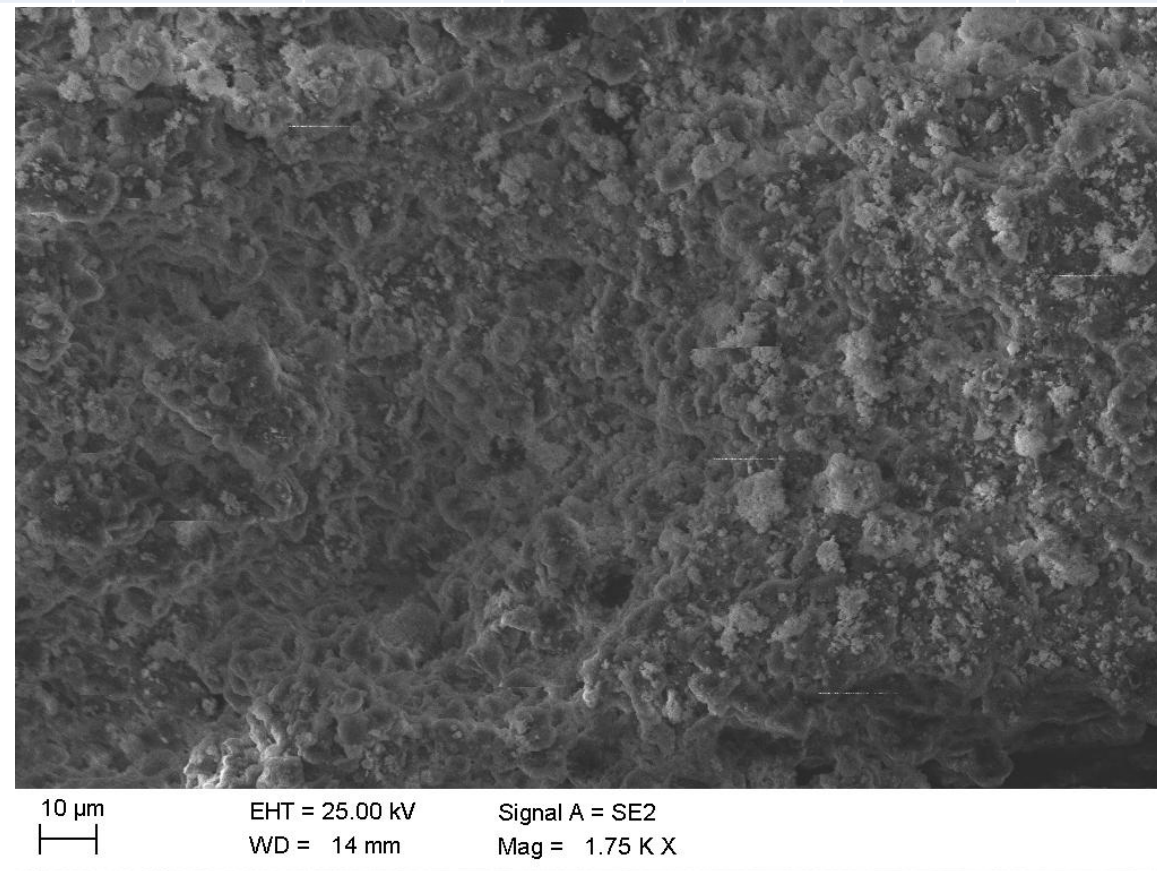
Results of chemical analyses of the carbon deposit produced in the engine using raw biogas

Elements	Ca	S	Zn	Fe	Na	Si	P	Cu	Al	Mn	Mg
Content [%]	22.2	18.6	10.3	1.6	2.6	3.6	3.1	1.5	1.6	0.6	0.6



Microscopic view SEM of the carbon deposit collected from the head of the engine

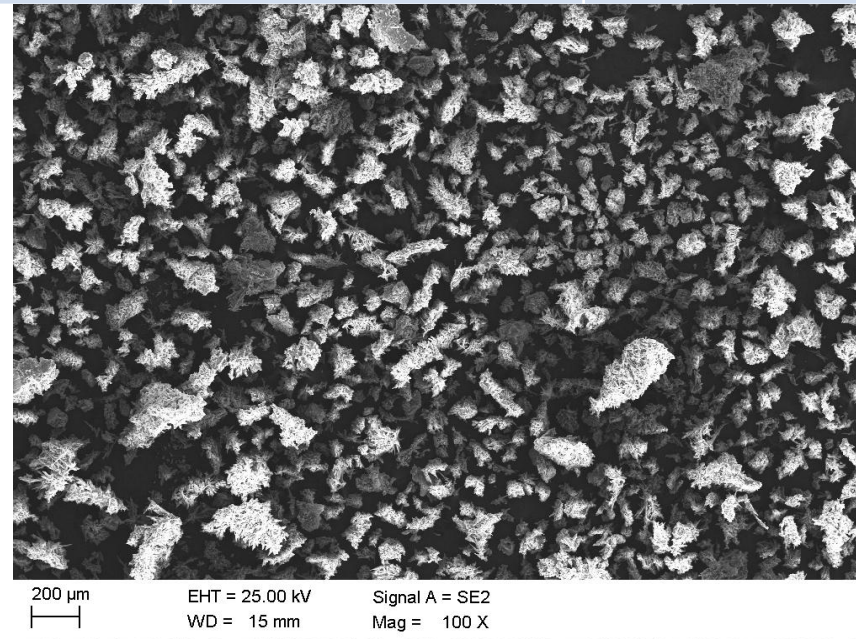
Elements	C	Al	S	Ca	Fe	Na	Zn	P	Si	Ni	Cr
[%]	74.5	3.7	2.2	1.1	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.2	0.1	0.1



Structure tarry deposit produced on the surface of the heat exchanger

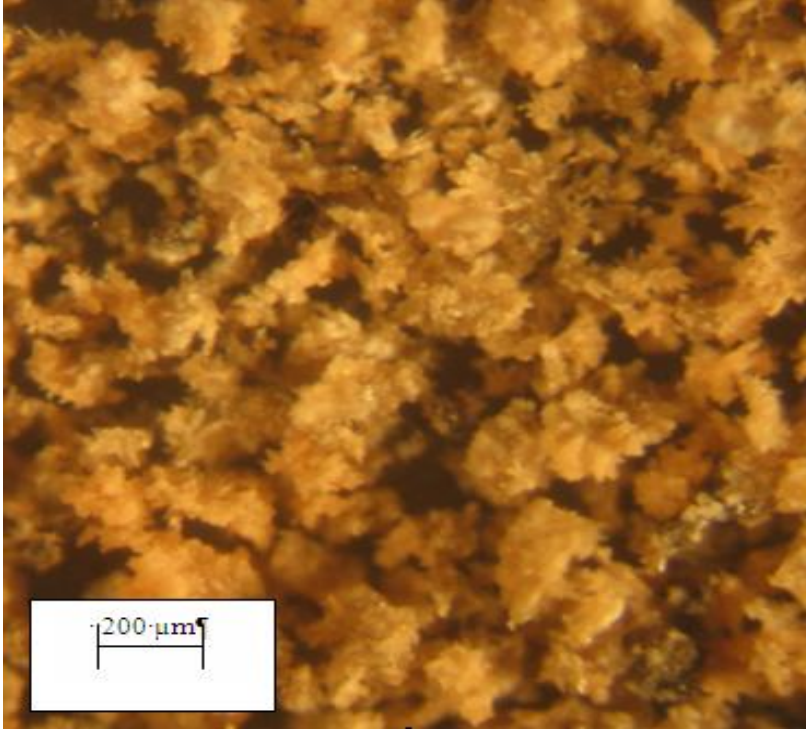
Results of chemical analyses of deposit accumulated in the filter

Element	Measurement 1	Measurement 2	Measurement 3	Average
O	40,10	39,58	40,71	40,13
Na	24,45	24,32	25,94	24,90
S	27,85	28,26	23,44	26,52
Ca	0,88	1,04	1,78	1,23
Fe	6,71	6,80	8,13	7,21

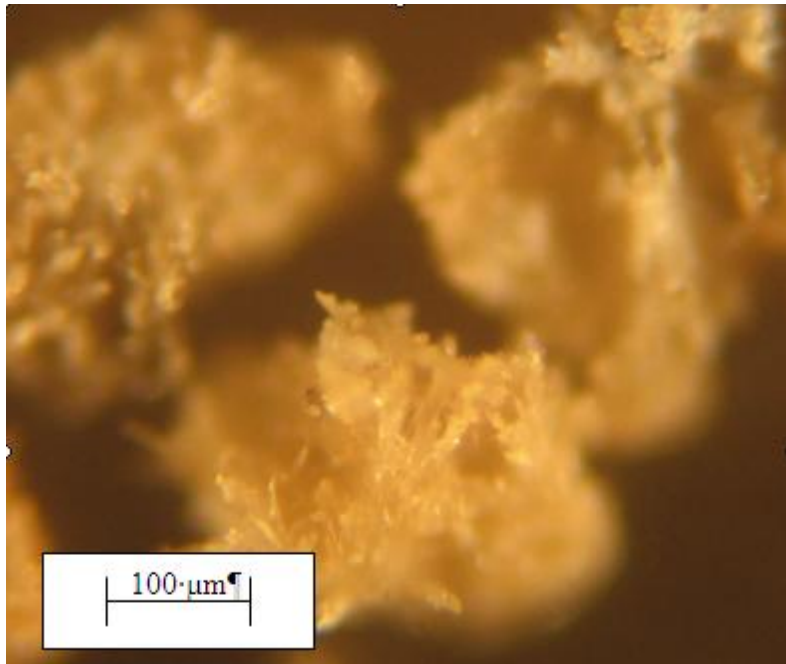


Structure of deposit stored up on the filter

View of deposit in the microscope SEM



View of deposit in the optical microscope



Lp.	Name compound	Designation	Value	Unit
1	Chlorine	Cl	< 100	mg/10 kWh
2	Fluorine	F	< 50	mg/10 kWh
3	Total content of chlorine and fluorine	Sum Cl + F	< 100	mg/10 kWh
4	Dust 3 – 10 µm		< 10	mg/10 kWh
5	Oil		<250	mg/10 kWh
6	Silicon	Si	<20	mg/10 kWh
7	Sulphur	S	< 2200	mg/10 kWh
8	Hydrogen sulphide	H ₂ S	< 1500	mg/10 kWh
9	Ammonia	NH ₃	<30	mg/10 kWh
10	Nominal pressure		10	kPa
11	Max. fluctuation of gas pressure		< 0,1	kPa
12	Max. gas temperature		35	°C
13	Max. humidity		80	%

The requirements in relation to the acceptable content of pollutants in biogas

Acceptable content of siloxanes

Internal combustion engines: 5 – 28 mg/m³

Gas turbines : < 0,1 mg/m³

Acceptable content of ammonia NH₃

Internal combustion engines: 20 – 50 mg/Nm³

Acceptable content of H₂S

Energy boilers : do 1000 ppm

Internal combustion engines: 50 – 100 ppm

Gas net: 4 – 7 ppm

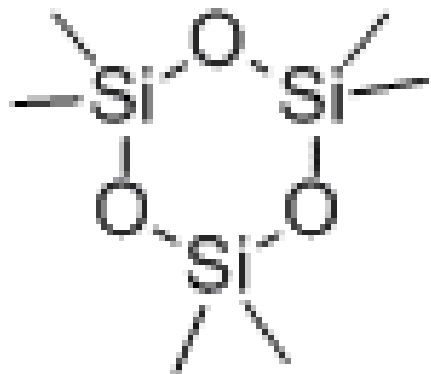
Fuel cells: < 1 ppm

Acceptable content of vapour Hg

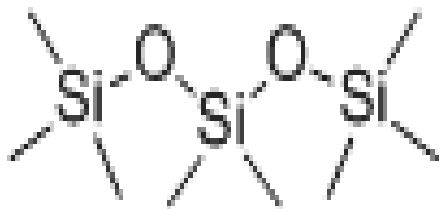
Gas net: 30,0µg/m³



Hexamethyldisiloxane

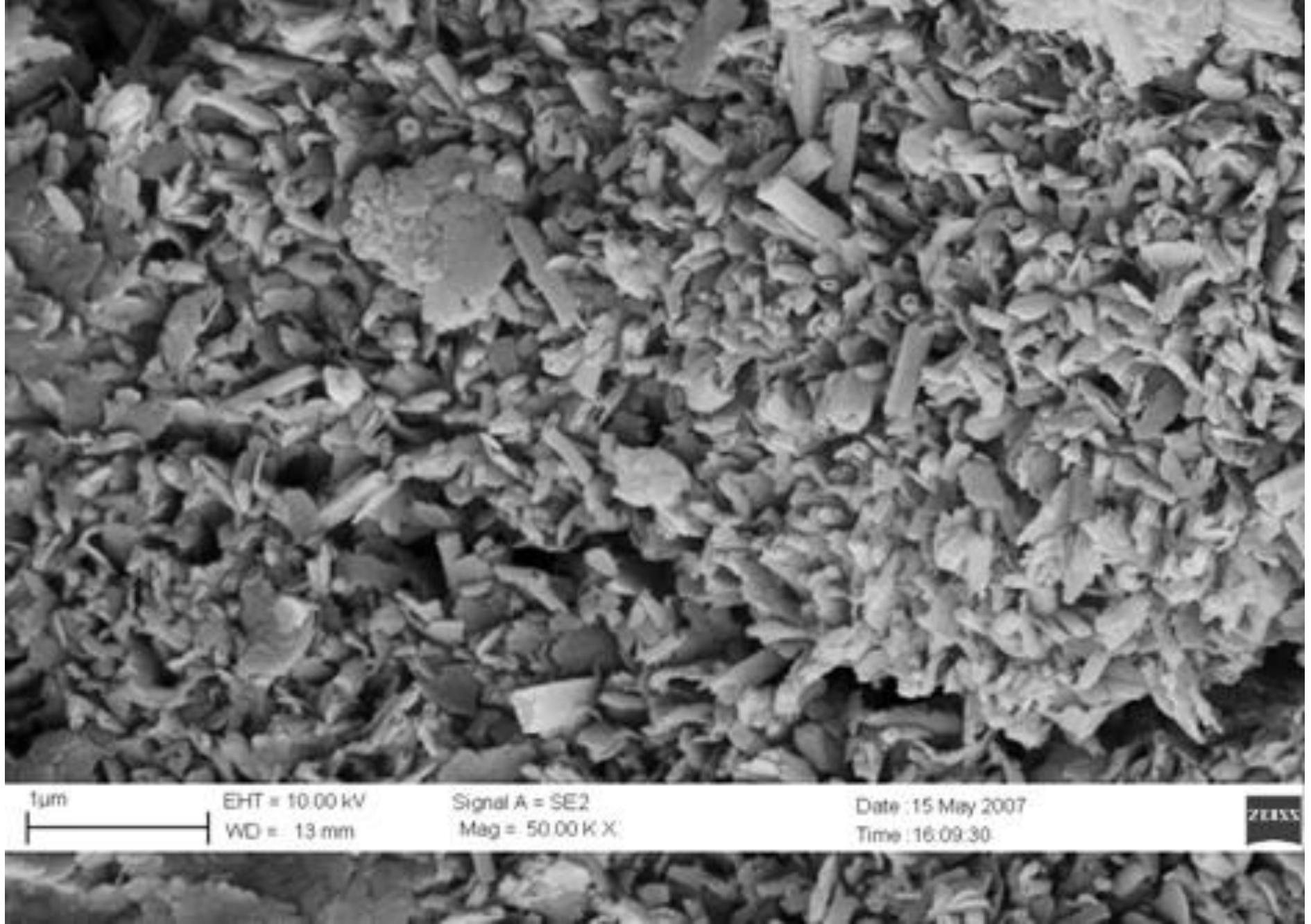


Hexamethylcyclotrisiloxane

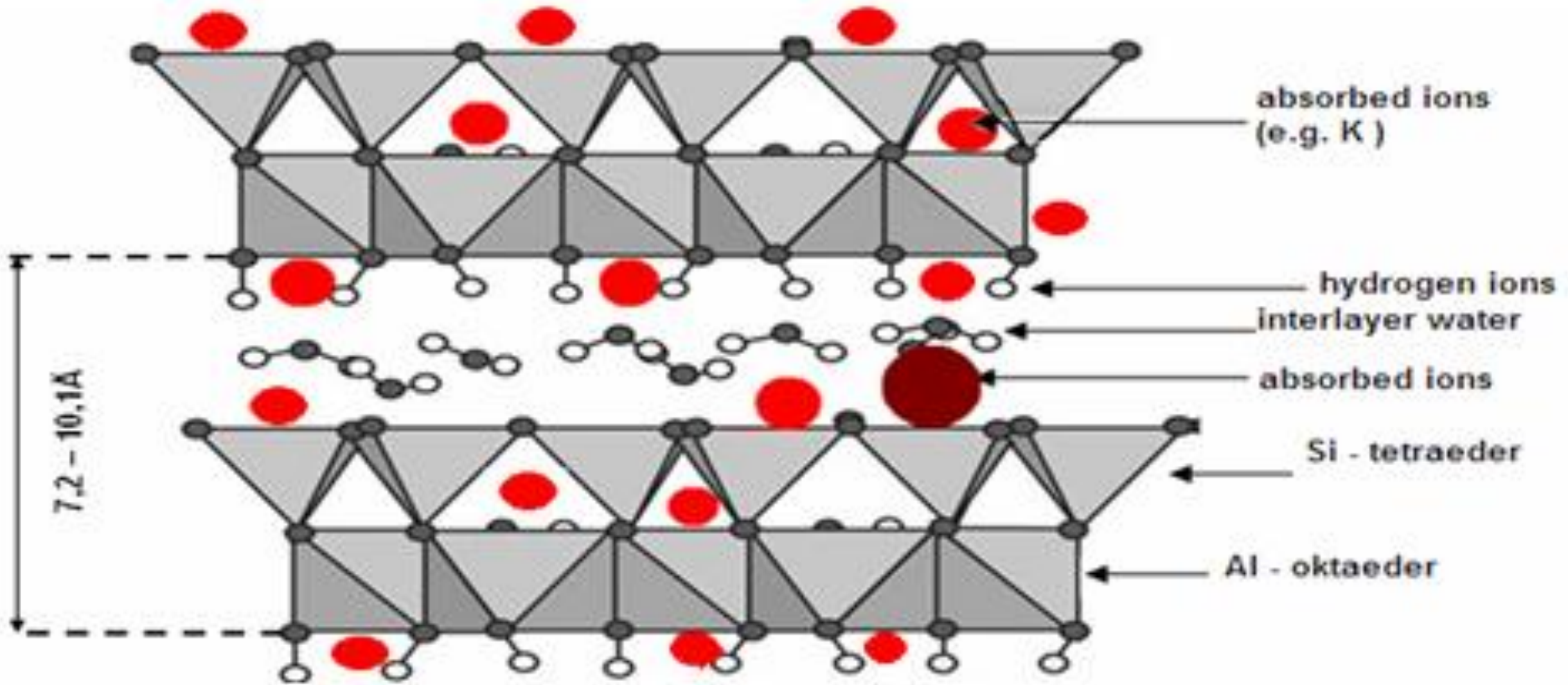


Octamethyltrisiloxane

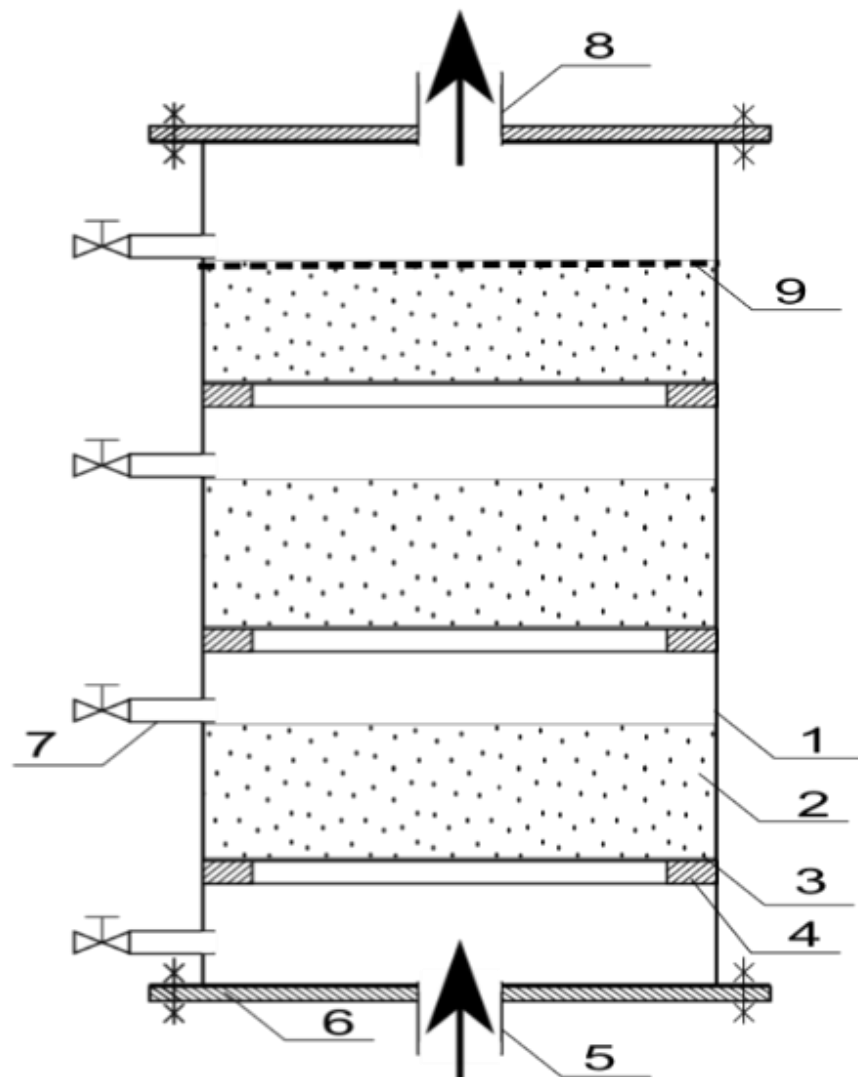




Microscopic view of natural halloisite from the mine Dunino (scale 1 μm)



Layer-cellular structure of halloysite



1 - korpus
 2 - sorbent
 3 - sito
 4 - półka

5 - wlot
 6 - pokrywa
 7 - króciec probierczy
 8 - wylot
 9 - włóknina filtracyjna

Change of content of the hydrogen sulphide and ammonia after passing biogas by individual layers of the filter

Measurement	Intake	After I shelf	After II shelf	After III shelf	After IV shelf
H ₂ S [ppm]	1865	1320	190	20	15
NH ₃ [ppm]	2050	1630	1350	960	650
O ₂ [%]	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0

Measurement	Intake	After I shelf	After IV shelf
H ₂ S [ppm]	1955	245	10
NH ₃ [ppm]	1990	1250	425
O ₂ [%]	0,0	1,6	1,6

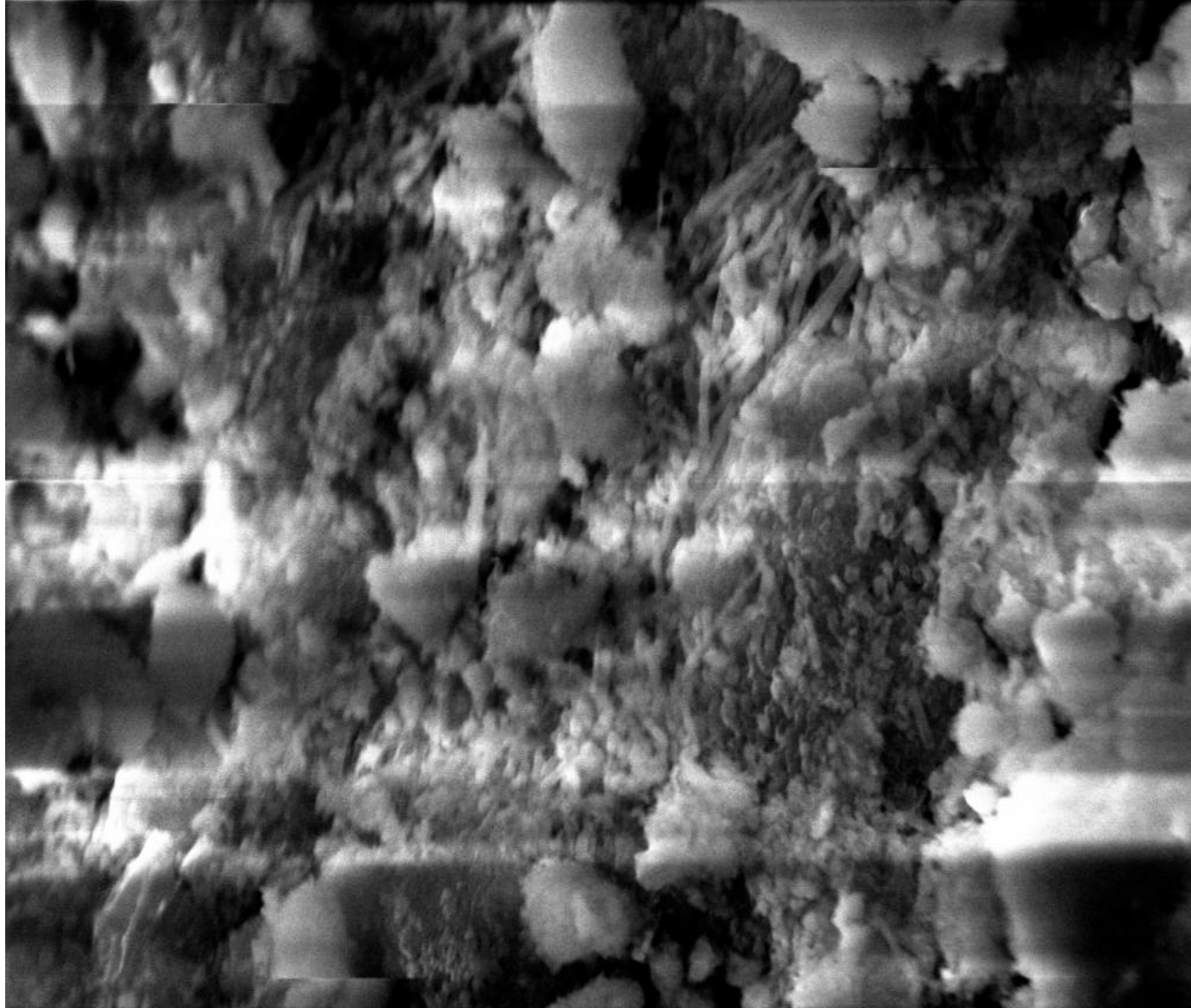
Influence of air addition to the filter

Changes concentration of the hydrogen sulphide after closing the inflow of air

Time after closing the inflow of air [min]	Concentration of H ₂ S [ppm]
0	385
1	600
2	970
3	1215
4	1310
5	1380
10	1360
20	1370

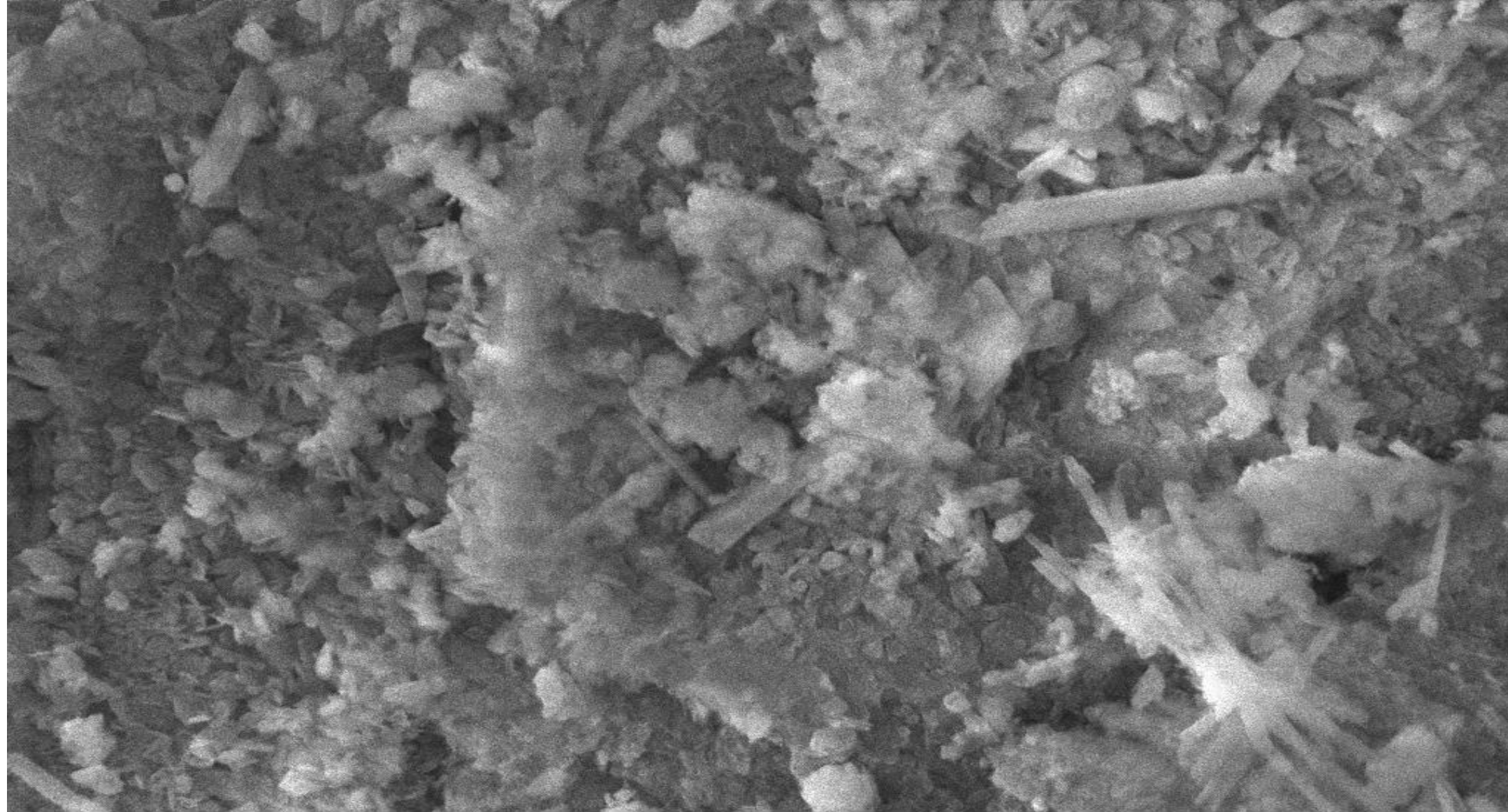


View of sorbent on the IV shelf (outflow). Privileged places of the flow are visible (darker).

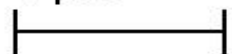


2 μ m
Signal A = SE1 WD = 7.5 mm EHT = 20.00 kV Mag = 10.00 K X Photo No. = 4911

View of sorbent partly saturated



1 μm



EHT = 10.00 kV

WD = 7 mm

Signal A = InLens

Mag = 35.00 K X

Fresh sorbent



Different kind of filters used for biogas purification

New generation filters



New ports in filters



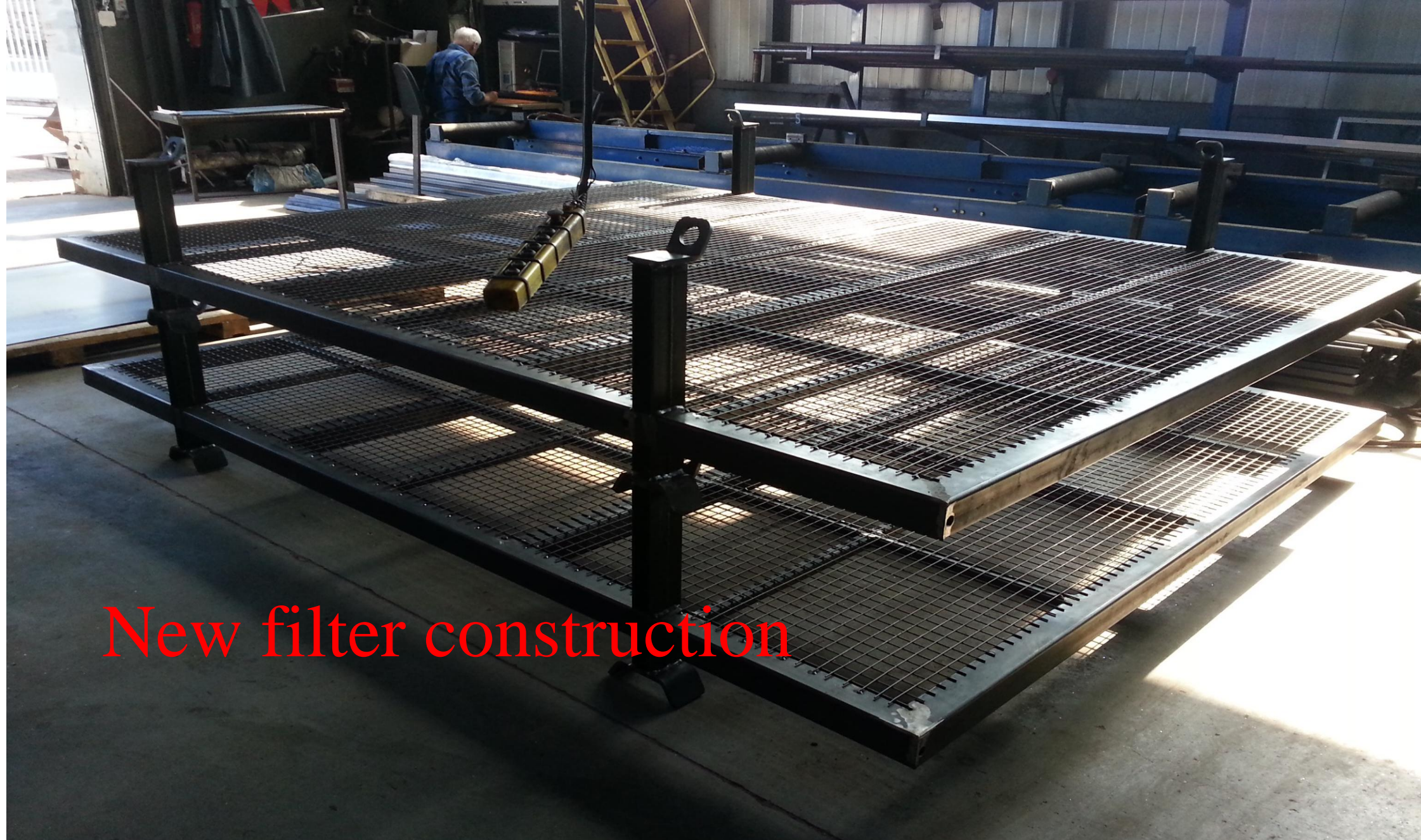
New ports for sampling



New equipment



New
measurements



New filter construction

Filter in Rybnik compost plant

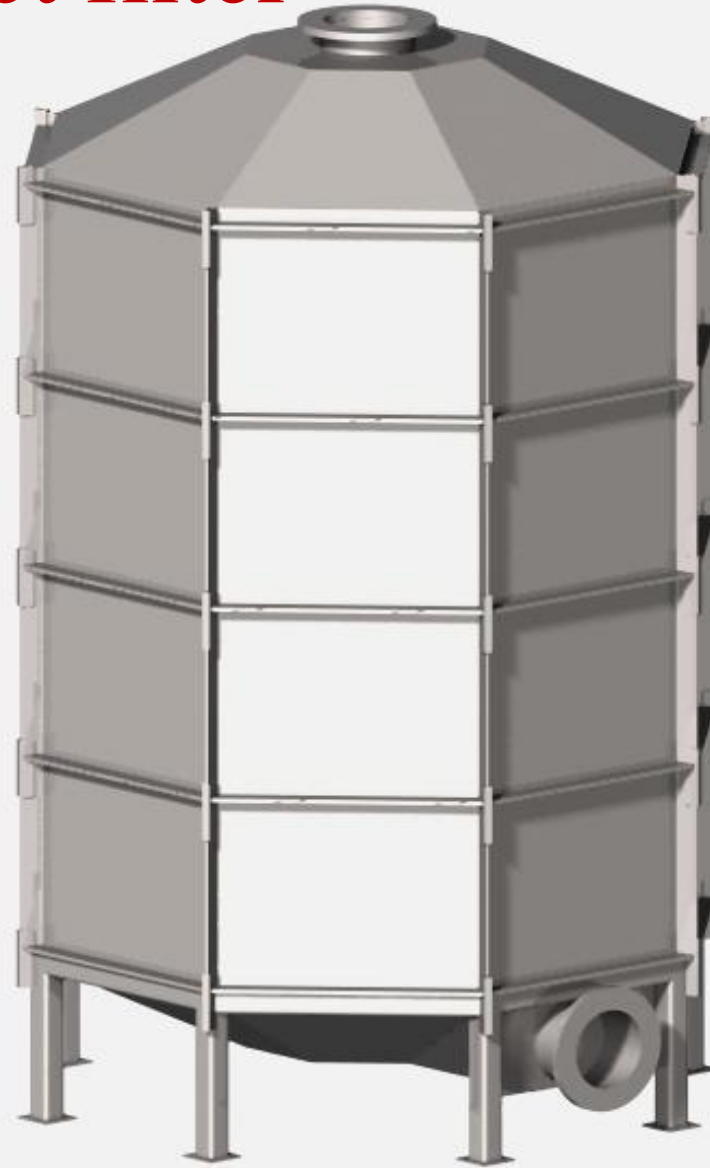


Filter in Chorzów





Compact filter



New compact biogas plant in
Proboszczowice



The image shows two large, black, cylindrical water storage tanks situated in a rural, open field. The tanks are positioned on a raised, earthen embankment. The tank on the left has a prominent vertical pipe with a large black circular component attached to its side. Both tanks are equipped with various pipes, valves, and a green motor on top. The background features a clear blue sky and a green field with some distant trees and structures. A red text overlay is centered across the middle of the image.

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION